

BYLAW NO. 1-2009

A BYLAW OF THE RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF MOOSE MOUNTAIN NO. 63, TO DESIGNATE MUNICIPAL HERITAGE PROPERTY

The Council of the Rural Municipality of Moose Mountain No. 63,
in the Province of Saskatchewan enacts as follows:

To designate a site as Municipal Heritage Property.

WHEREAS Sections 11 and 12 of *The Heritage Property Act* authorize the Council of a Municipality to enact bylaws to designate real property, including all buildings, features and structures thereon, to be of heritage value; and,

WHEREAS the Council of the Municipality has determined that the property known as:

The Church of All Saints, Cannington Manor

and located at:

SW¼ 14-09-01-W2

Located within but not part of the "Cannington Manor Historical Park" in the SW¼ 14-09-01-W2. Located eight miles north, 1 mile east and ½ mile north of the Village of Manor, Saskatchewan.

is a site of architectural, historical, cultural, environmental, archaeological, palaeontological, aesthetic and/or scientific value; and,

WHEREAS not less than thirty (30) days prior to consideration of this bylaw, the Council of Municipality has:

- a.) served a Notice of Intention on the Registrar of Heritage Property and all owners of property included in the proposed bylaw;
- b.) published a Notice of Intention in at least one issue of a newspaper in general circulation in the municipality;
- c.) registered an interest in the Land Titles Registry against all titles for the parcels of land included in the proposed bylaw; and

WHEREAS no notice of Objection to the proposed designation has been served on the Council of the Municipality;

THEREFORE, the Council of the Municipality enacts as follows:

There is designated as Municipal Heritage Property the real property legally described as:

SW¼ 14-09-01-W2
Block A, Plan M2674, Extension 0
Certificate of Title: 107010313
Parcel: 110205133

The reasons for the designation are as follows:

- a.) Built in 1885, by English settlers. The church is the only original building inside Cannington Manor Historical Park. It still remains an active Church with a Congregation.
- b.) The Church of All Saints was named after All Saints, a Church at Selsley, Glouster, England.
- c.) The Church was built in the form of a Cross. To describe this it would be the Cruciform Church in its historic arrangement, symbolizes the Christian life, the Font, Entry, Nave Prayer, Choir Praise, Sanctuary, Communion with space in the centre, (the crossing) for a Coffin to rest, the earthly completion in death. There are twelve corners on the slant roof and the shingles on the Bell Tower were hand cut to form a pattern of Rose Petals. The finishing boards below the Belfry have the same pattern also. There are 12 congregational pews, 2 long choir pews on the north of the Transept and 2 short pews on the south of the Transept. This would accommodate approximately 90 people. All of these furnishings were made from birch wood from the local Moose Mountains.

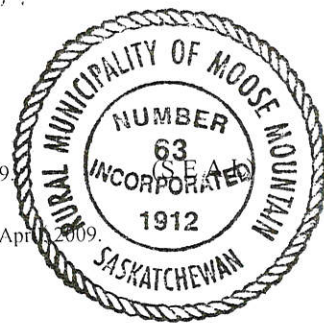

Reeve

Read a first time this 8th day of April, 2009.


Administrator

Read a second time this 8th day of April, 2009.

Read a third time and adopted this 8th day of April, 2009.




Reeve

Certified a True Copy of Bylaw No. 1-2009.


Administrator

Adopted by Resolution of Council on the 8th

Day of April, 2009.

